## REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

This Amendment is in response to the Office Action mailed January 13, 2006. Claims 4-88 were pending in the present application. This Amendment amends claims 70 and 71 to correct inadvertent typographical errors in the previous Amendment, and does not add or cancel any claims, leaving pending in the application claims 4-88. Reconsideration of the rejected claims is respectfully requested.

## I. Double Patenting Rejection

Claims 4, 6, 8, 17-21, 31-33, 35-36, 38, 40, 43, 53, 56, 58, 60-63, 66, 77, 79-81, 84, and 86-88 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being obvious over claims 4, 7, 5, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 24, 25, 27, 29, 31-33, 4, 42, 48, 51, 54, 52-54, 56, 65, 65, 67, 68, and 70-73, respectively, of U.S. Patent Application No. 10/035,413. It is respectfully submitted that the cited claims of U.S. Patent Application No. 10/035,413 recite a "user customizable immediate access keystroke combination," which allows a user to customize the functionality of an application user interface. The cited claims of the present application recite a "customizable view all command," which allows a user to select a view to be displayed to the user each time the user accesses a user interface. It is respectfully submitted that these concepts are patentably distinct, and that allowing the user to change the functionality of a user interface, such as by adding a customizable immediate access keystroke combination, does not make it obvious to utilize a customizable view all command to persistently set the view of a user interface for a specific user. As such, Applicants respectfully request that the provisional rejection with respect to these claims be withdrawn.

## II. Rejection under 35 U.S.C. §103

Claims 4-88 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over *Anuff* (US 6,327,628) and *Hargrove* (US 5,371,847) in view of *D'Arlach* (US 6,026,433). Applicants respectfully submit that these references, alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest each element of these claims.

For example, Applicants' claim 4 recites a customizable application system, comprising:

an internet application system configured to support an internet application, the internet application system including,

a) a user interface generator configured to generate an application user interface, the application user interface including a customizable view all command and configured as an interface between the internet application and a user, and

b) a web application server configured to deliver the application user interface to a client, the client configured to display the application user interface to the user; means for a user to specify data to customize the customizable view all command, the data defining a property of a user interface element for the view all command; a data repository configured to store the data, the data defining the property; and means for preserving a state of the customizable view all command between one generation of the application user interface and another generation of the application user interface.

wherein the user interface generator is configured to automatically generate the one generation of the application user interface and the another generation of the application user interface, wherein the one generation of the application user interface and the another generation are configured with the property of the view all command for the user interface element

(emphasis added). Such limitations are not taught or suggested by these references.

Anuff discloses a portal server that allows for a variety of customizations of a portal (col. 1, line 59-col. 2, line 20). As recognized in the Office Action of January 13, 2006, Anuff does not teach or suggest a customizable view all command (OA pp. 3-4). The Office Action also recognizes that Anuff fails to teach or suggest "receiving input to define a property of the customizable element and then automatically generating the user interface" (OA p. 4). It is asserted in the Office Action that Anuff (at col. 13, lines 25-30) teaches a "means for preserving a state of the customizable command" (OA p.3). Applicants respectfully submit that this section teaches storing "login information" as a browser cookie, so that a user does not have to log in each time that user visits a site. Anuff does not, however, teach or suggest means for preserving a state of a customizable view all command between generations of a user interface as recited in claim 4. Therefore Anuff cannot render claim 4 obvious.

Hargrove does not make up for the deficiencies in Anuff with respect to claim 4.

Hargrove teaches a method for specifying the arrangement of windows on a display device (col. 2, lines 18-20). A user can select line segments making up a grid of windows (col. 3, lines 23-54). It is asserted in the Office Action that Hargrove teaches (at col. 4, lines 11-18) a view all command, but Applicants respectfully submit that this section instead teaches that a routine can input "the number of rows and columns from the user," or can use "a default number of rows and columns and allow the user to override these defaults" (col. 4, lines 11-15). The routine allows the user to override these defaults by looping, allowing the user to "select and deselect the displayed line segments" (col. 4, lines 16-21). Hargrove does not disclose a customizable view

all command, as *Hargrove* either accepts row and column data from a user, or presents the user with a default arrangement that the user can then modify. As there can be any number of rows or columns, there would be no motivation to provide a customizable "view all" button, as *Hargrove* does not teach or suggest what an "all" would be to display. Further, *Hargrove* does not teach or suggest receiving input to define a property of a customizable view all element and then automatically generating the user interface, as recited in Applicants' claim 4. *Hargrove* therefore cannot render claim 4 obvious, either alone or in combination with *Anuff*.

D'Arlach does not make up for the deficiencies in Anuff and Hargrove with respect to claim 4. D'Arlach teaches a set of customizable templates that allow a user to create and edit a Web site without knowledge of HTML (col. 2, lines 30-36). When a user creates a new Web site, a copy of an existing template is created, which the user then edits through a series of forms (col. 5, lines 16-21). After the changes are made, the user has to <u>publish</u> the site as a new Web site, or publish the changes in the case of editing a site (col. 5, lines 21-25). As D'Arlach requires the user to publish each change to a site, D'Arlach does not teach or suggest receiving input then automatically generating the user interface as asserted in the Office Action. Further, D'Arlach does not teach or suggest a customizable view all component. Further still, as D'Arlach actually generates HTML files and stores those files in a directory when the Web site is published (col. 6, lines 44-56), there would be no need or use for D'Arlach to preserve a state of the customizable view all command for different users then generate instances of the user interface using that state as any customization is done before publishing, and no customization is available after the Web pages are published (anyone viewing the published pages will see the same thing). As such, D'Arlach cannot render Applicants' claim 4 obvious, either alone or in any combination with Anuff and Hargrove.

As claim 4 cannot be rendered obvious by these references, neither can dependent claims 5-7 be rendered obvious. Independent claims 8, 20, 27, 33, 38, 43, 44, 47, 51, 56, 62, 66, 72, 81, 86, 87, and 88 recite similar limitations that also are not rendered obvious by these references for reasons including those listed above, such that these independent claims and the claims that depend therefrom also cannot be rendered obvious by these references. Applicants therefore respectfully request that the rejection with respect to claims 4-88 be withdrawn.

## **CONCLUSION**

In view of the foregoing, Applicants believe all claims now pending in this Application are in condition for allowance and an action to that end is respectfully requested.

If the Examiner believes a telephone conference would expedite prosecution of this application, please telephone the undersigned at 415-576-0200.

Respectfully submitted,

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